

UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION

TITLE:

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR MARKING WRITINGS ONLINE

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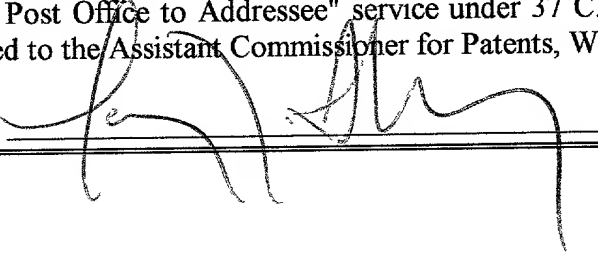
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METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR MARKING WRITINGS ONLINE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to education and the data processing task of editing electronic texts. More particularly, this invention relates to a system and method for evaluating and providing editorial feedback on an electronic writing.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

For many years, those English teachers who teach compositional writing have spent considerable amounts of their work-time in the task of reading, marking and grading the essays written by their students. As a means of providing their students with as much constructive feedback as possible, this marking process often involves teachers inserting their editorial comments into the margins of their students' essays – an always time-consuming and often a somewhat repetitive task as a result of the similarities in the editorial comments.

For electronic writings or those composed on computers using word processing software, compositional writing students can usually use their software's spelling and grammar checkers in an attempt to avoid such errors in their writings. While using such checkers may make their teachers' editorial marking and grading tasks somewhat easier, such checkers do not do the comprehensive job of evaluating usage and punctuation than an experienced teacher can provide. For providing

1 feedback on how student essays handle matters such as developing ideas cogently,
2 organizing them logically and connecting them with clear transitions, compositional
3 writing teachers still must resort to inserting an assortment of editorial comments into
4 the margins of such writings.

5 There appears to have been few, if any, attempts to address the compositional
6 writing teachers overall task of "reading, editorially marking and grading" student
7 essays. Instead, previous inventive efforts in this area appear to have been directed
8 only to the grading aspects of this task. For example, U.S. Patent No. 6,181,909
9 discloses a system and method for automating the grading of essays. It accomplishes
10 this by parsing the essay into a syntactic representation of the essay and then grading
11 this representation using various specified heuristics. This invention makes no
12 attempt to provide a student writer with any editorial feedback regarding specific
13 parts of an essay.

14 U.S. Patent No. 5,987,302 discloses an online essay evaluation system. In
15 general, this system is directed towards many topics of the evaluation process other
16 than providing student feedback (e.g., administrative matters, such as billing and
17 scheduling of essay readers). The only feedback that this system makes available for
18 students consists of generalized rubrics that have been developed for use with essays
19 that fall within specified scoring ranges. Feedback on specific parts of the essay are
20 not provided, and no attempt is made to return to the student an essay with any
21 editorial markings.

22 U.S. Patent No. 5,576,955 discloses a method and apparatus for proofreading
23 in a computer system. However, it is directed toward use by individual essay writers,
24 rather than their teachers. Similar to a spell checker for use by a writer in identifying
25 and simultaneously correcting spelling errors in draft versions of their electronic
26 writings, this proofreading apparatus attempts to identify and simultaneously facilitate
27 corrections for a wider range of compositional writing errors (e.g., spelling,
28 punctuation, grammar, usage, broken words, doubled words and capitalization).

29 Despite the prior art, there exists a continuing need for new and improved
30 methods and apparatus for reducing the editorial workloads of compositional writing
31 teachers. The present invention substantially fulfills this need.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is generally directed to satisfying the needs set forth above and overcoming the limitations and problems identified with prior systems and methods used by compositional writing teachers in editorially marking and grading their students' essays.

In accordance with one preferred embodiment, the present invention takes the form of a method for marking an electronic writing created with a specified word processing software and which is displayable with this software on a video display of a computer system. This method comprises the steps of: (a) developing a set of editorial markings for a writing that, when inserted into the writing, communicates information, regarding the portion of the writing in proximity to the marking's insertion point, chosen from the group consisting of information on the writing's punctuation, capitalization, italicization, grammar, word usage, content or form, (b) providing means for displaying the set of markings on the video display, (c) selecting, from the set of editorial markings, a marking to be inserted into the writing in order to give its writer feedback on the portion of the writing in proximity to the marking's insertion point, (d) inserting the markings into the electronic writing at specified locations within the writing, (e) saving the inserted markings used in marking the writing so as to establish a database that documents the use of the inserted markings for the writing, and (f) compiling summary statistics for the saved markings that communicate information selected from the group consisting of information pertaining to: (i) specified skills that the writer would need to focus upon in order to improve the writer's writing skills, (ii) for a series of the writings by the same writer, the writer's progress towards improvement in those areas identified by the markings as needing improvement, (iii) for a collection of writings by a group of writers who are being instructed as a group, the group's general areas denoted as needing

1 improvement by the markings inserted into the collection of writings, and (iv) for a
2 series of writings by the group, the group's progress towards improvement in those
3 areas identified as needing improvement by the markings inserted into the series of
4 writings.

5 According to another preferred embodiment, this method for marking an
6 electronic writing further includes the steps of: (g) developing a means for filtering
7 the saved markings so that only a specified portion of such markings remain in the
8 writing when it is returned to its writer, and (h) hyperlinking the inserted markings to
9 specified websites, on a network of linked computers, having information chosen
10 from the group consisting of detailed explanations of the markings and exercises that
11 one can undertake in order to strengthen those writing skills which are denoted by the
12 markings as representing areas in which the writer needs improvement.

13 A preferred means for implementing the step of selecting a marking to be
14 inserted into the writing comprises the development of a toolbar that is shown on the
15 video display as being situated adjacent to the operating screen of the word
16 processing software. This toolbar contains a group of icons, each of which represents
17 one of the set of editorial markings.

18 In accordance with another preferred embodiment, the present invention takes
19 the form of a computer program product for marking an electronic writing and which
20 is on a computer readable memory executable by a computer system that operates a
21 specified word processing software. This product comprises: (a) a set of editorial
22 markings for an electronic writing that, when inserted into the writing, communicates
23 information, regarding the portion of the writing in proximity to the marking's
24 insertion point, chosen from the group consisting of information on the writing's
25 punctuation, capitalization, italicization, grammar, word usage, content or form, (b)
26 means for displaying the set of markings on the video display, (c) means for selecting,
27 from the set of editorial markings, a marking to be inserted into the writing in order to
28 give its writer feedback on the portion of the writing in proximity to the marking's
29 insertion point, (d) means for inserting the markings into the electronic writing at
30 specified locations within the writing, (e) means for saving the inserted markings
31 used in marking the writing so as to establish a database that documents the use of the

1 inserted markings for the writing, (f) means for compiling summary statistics for the
2 saved markings that communicate information selected from the group consisting of
3 information pertaining to: (i) specified skills that the writer would need to focus upon
4 in order to improve the writer's writing skills, (ii) for a series of the writings by the
5 same writer, the writer's progress towards improvement in those areas identified by
6 the markings as needing improvement, (iii) for a collection of writings by a group of
7 writers who are being instructed as a group, the group's general areas denoted as
8 needing improvement by the markings inserted into the collection of writings, and
9 (iv) for a series of writings by the group, the group's progress towards improvement
10 in those areas identified as needing improvement by the markings inserted into the
11 series of writings, (g) means for filtering the saved markings so that only a specified
12 portion of such markings remain in the writing when it is returned to its writer, and
13 (h) means for hyperlinking the inserted markings to specified websites, on a network
14 of linked computers, having information chosen from the group consisting of detailed
15 explanations of the markings and exercises that one can undertake in order to
16 strengthen those writing skills which are denoted by the markings as representing
17 areas in which the writer needs improvement.

18 The present invention is seen to overcome the limitations of the prior art. It is
19 therefore an object of the present invention to provide an improved method and
20 system for editorially marking an electronic writing.

21 It is another object of the present invention to reduce the time that
22 compositional writing teachers spend in the task of reading, marking and grading the
23 essays written by their students.

24 It is a yet another object of the present invention to provide a method and
25 system that allows compositional writing teachers to effectively compile statistics on
26 the types of mistakes that their students are making, either as a group or in a series of
27 writings by an individual student.

28 These and other objects and advantages of the present invention will become
29 readily apparent as the invention is better understood by reference to the accompanying
30 drawings and the detailed description that follows.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates the toolbars that are used by the computer program embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. 2(a)-2(d) illustrate the marking icons and associated standard comments that are used by the computer program embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 3 illustrates the "text" and "dialog" buttons that are used by the computer program embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 4(a) and 4(b) illustrate the "text on" and "dialog on" mode for inserting markings and comments using the computer program embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 5(a) and 5(b) illustrate the "text off" and "dialog on" mode for inserting markings and comments using the computer program embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 6 illustrates the "text off" and "dialog of" mode for inserting markings and comments using the computer program embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 7 illustrates a "pull down menu" means for inserting markings and comments using the computer program embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 8 illustrates a keyboarding means, using an "Annotate By Code" key, for inserting markings and comments using the computer program embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 9(a) illustrates a student's composition that has been thoroughly marked using the computer program of the present invention.

FIG. 9(b) illustrates the means for enabling a teacher to filter the markings that will appear in the version of the marked essay that is returned to the student.

FIG. 9(c) illustrates the filtered version of a portion of the marked essay seen in FIG. 9(a).

FIGS. 10(a) and 10(b) illustrate how the present invention's inserted markings may be hyperlinked to websites containing information pertaining to the inserted markings.

1 FIG. 11 illustrates the means for displaying some of the statistics that
2 may be compiled for the inserted markings of the present invention.

3 FIG. 12 illustrates a representative computer system on which the
4 present invention can be run.

5 FIG. 13 shows a block diagram of a representative computer in which
6 the present invention can be implemented.

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FIG. 11 illustrates the means for displaying some of the statistics that may be compiled for the inserted markings of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

For purposes of explanation and not limitation, specific details are set forth below, such as computer screen layouts and designs, in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be apparent to one skilled in the art that the present invention may be practiced in other embodiments that depart from these specific details. In other instances, detailed descriptions of well known, software writing methods, etc. are omitted so as not to obscure the description of the present invention with unnecessary detail.

Referring now to the drawings wherein are shown preferred embodiments and wherein like reference numerals designate like elements throughout, there is shown in these drawings the various aspects of a method, system and computer program for marking an electronic writing. For purposes of illustration, the electronic writing in these drawings has been composed using Microsoft Word 2000 software. However, it will be recognized that the elements and steps of the present invention could have been just as easily illustrated by electing to use an electronic writing composed with any of the other comparable pieces of word processing software.

The present invention in the form of a computer program for editorially marking an electronic writing consists of: a set **10** of editorial markings for insertion into the writing, a means for selecting **12** a specific marking **14** for insertion into the writing, a means for saving **16** the inserted markings, a means for compiling **18** summary statistics **20** for the saved markings, a means for filtering **22** the saved markings so that only a specified portion of such markings remain in the writing when its marked version is returned to its writer, and a means for hyperlinking **24** the inserted markings to specified websites that explain the markings and contain exercises that one can undertake in order to strengthen those writing skills which are denoted by the markings as representing areas needing improvement.

FIGS. 1 through 11 provide a view of the various computer screens that a user of this computer program might encounter while using it. FIG. 1 illustrates how the means for selecting **12** a marking for insertion into the writing is accomplished by having one click on various icons **26** that represent the individual markings and which

are presented in toolbars **28** that are displayed adjacent to the word processing software's main window **30**. In this example, four editing toolbars have been created, with the icons of each being used for either the insertion of punctuation, usage, content or form markings. With each of these markings there is also associated a standard, explanatory comment **32** that may or may not be inserted, along with the marking, in a student's essay. For example, for a "W" icon that implies a "wordy" sentence, the standard comment might be "too wordy, simplify this sentence." See FIGS. 2(a)-2(d) for a listing of these icons and their associated standard comments.

By clicking on one of these icons **26**, a teacher can insert a marking and possibly also a comment directly into a student's essay at the current location of the cursor in the essay. Such markings and comments can take one of several forms. FIG. 3 shows "text" **34** and "dialog" **36** buttons that have been created in order to provide variety in the form of the inserted markings or comments. These buttons are part of an additional marking toolbar that has been added below the standard toolbars of the word processing software. By clicking on the "text on" and "dialog off" buttons, the teacher is able to insert a selected marking and its standard comment.

As shown in FIG. 4(a) and 4(b), by staying in the "text on" mode, and with the "dialog" button now placed in the "dialog on" mode, the standard comment that is inserted with the marking can be edited and elaborated upon. This is accomplished by having a dialog box **38** appear when any marking is selected for insertion. This box which initially contains the standard comment can be easily edited.

FIG. 5(a) and 5(b) illustrate that in the "text off" and "dialog on" mode, a dialog box **38** again appears when an icon is selected. However, the dialog box is initially vacant so that a totally original comment may be inserted with the marking. FIG. 6 represents the situation in the "text off" and "dialog of" mode when only a marking is inserted.

As shown in FIG. 7, when a user of this computer program needs a reminder about which comment is represented by a specific icon, they can quickly consult a pull down menu **40**. All the icons of the various toolbars and their standard comments are accessible from these menus **40**. Comments can also be inserted from the pull down menus. Additionally, by placing the

cursor over an icon on the toolbar, the standard comment associated with this comment and its code number are shown in a dialog box that appears on a user's computer screen.

Those who have good keyboarding skills may prefer to insert their markings and comments without using the icons and utilizing the click and point method. FIG. 8 illustrates that this is accomplished by striking the keyboard's F2 key **42** which causes a dialog box **44** to appear that calls for the user to insert in the box the appropriate number of the marking to be inserted into the student's essay. This function can also be accomplished by clicking on an "Annotate By Code" button **46** that has been added to the word processor's additional marking toolbar.

When a student's composition is thoroughly marked, it can often display many of these editorial markings and can appear quite threatening to a student's confidence in their writing skills. See FIG. 9(a).

Since no student wants to see an essay that has been covered with inserted markings and comments indicating problems in his or her writing, it has proven useful to provide the present invention with the capability to allow a user to filter the inserted markings before a marked essay is actually returned to a student. For example, assume that a student has struggled with his or her "usage" and "punctuation" in a particular essay or series of essays. In this situation, a teacher might want the student to work on these areas before addressing "content" and "form" issues. To encourage this, the teacher has the ability to filter a marked essay so that only the "usage" and "punctuation" markings appear in the version of the marked essay that is returned to the student.

To accomplish this filtering process, the present program has been provided with a "Filter Document" button **48**. Upon clicking on this button, a "Filtering Dialog Box" **50** is opened that enables a teacher to select the markings and comments that the teacher wishes to be shown on the version of the marked essay that is to be returned to the student. See FIG. 9(b). All other markings are filtered, as shown in FIG. 9(c).

1 As a means of increasing the instructional value of this computer
2 program, the inserted marking may be hyperlinked to various websites on a
3 network of linked computers, such as the Internet, that contain an assortment
4 of information pertaining to the marking or its associated comments. FIGS.
5 10(a) and 10(b) illustrate the use of such hyperlinked, inserted markings. In
6 this embodiment, the code for this computer program has been written so that
7 when one clicks on an inserted icon the computer's browser is automatically
8 launched and one is sent to a specific website having information or
9 instructional exercises pertaining to the marking or its associated comment.
10 Such a website can also route students to other websites having interactive
11 games and exercises where they can use such materials to improve those of
12 their writing skills which are being addressed by the inserted marking or
13 comment.

14 As an aid to assist a teacher in assessing the progress of an individual
15 writing student or class of students, this computer program embodiment of the
16 present invention has been provided with code that allows various types of
17 statistics to be computed for the markings being inserted. This is
18 accomplished by creating a database which documents the insertion of the
19 various editorial comments and comments. Within this database, various
20 groups of essays may be comparatively reviewed. For example, a teacher may
21 elect several essays written during an initial period of time by an individual
22 student and then compute the percentage of occurrences of each of the
23 inserted markings. These percentages can be compared to similar statistics
24 that are compiled for a comparable number of essays written by this same
25 student during a later period of time. Such a comparison will reveal if the
26 student's initial writing areas needing improvement are actually improving,
27 and what, if any, new areas of the student's writing are being indicated by the
28 later inserted marking as needing improvement.

29 The technique for making these statistics readily available to the
30 teacher is shown in FIG. 11. By clicking on a "Display Summary" button 52,
31 the insertion percentages for the markings are displayed in a "Summary"

1 window **54** that is automatically opened by the program. Additionally, the
2 code for this computer program can be written such that a particular point
3 value is assigned to each icon. By summing these point values for the various
4 markings placed on a student's paper, this computer program can effectively
5 provide the teacher with a "grade" for a marked paper that is a measure of the
6 teacher's assessment of the overall quality of the writing.

7 The present invention also possesses the ability to combine these
8 statistics for inserted marking with information from other databases in order
9 to foster a wide variety of studies of student writings skills and habits. For
10 example, combining these statistics for inserted markings with demographic
11 data for the student writers may allow for some statistically-based conclusions
12 to be drawn regarding the types of compositional writing mistakes most
13 commonly seen in groups of students having specified, similar demographic
14 backgrounds.

15 The computer program of the invention may be run on a variety of
16 computers or collection of computers under a number of different operating
17 systems. The computer could be, for example, a personal computer, a mini
18 computer, mainframe computer or a computer running in a distributed
19 network of other computers.

20 In FIG. 12, a computer **60**, comprising a system unit **62**, a keyboard
21 **64**, a mouse **66** and a video display **68** are depicted. The screen **70** of video
22 display device **68** is used to present a graphical user interface (GUI). The
23 graphical user interface supported by the operating system allows the user to
24 use a point and click method of input.

25 FIG. 13 shows a block diagram of a representative computer in which the
26 present invention is implemented. Such a computer includes a system bus or plurality
27 of system buses to which various components are coupled and by which
28 communication between the various components is accomplished. The
29 microprocessor or central processing unit (CPU) is connected to the system bus and is
30 supported by read only memory (ROM) and random access memory (RAM) also
31 connected to system bus. The ROM contains among other code the Basic Input-

1 Output system (BIOS) which controls basic hardware operations such as the
2 interaction and the disk drives and the keyboard. The RAM is the main memory into
3 which the operating system and application programs are loaded. The memory
4 management chip is connected to the system bus and controls direct memory access
5 operations including, passing data between the RAM and hard disk drive and floppy
6 disk drive. The CD ROM, also coupled to the system bus, is used to store a large
7 amount of data, e.g., a multimedia program or large database.

8 Also connected to this system bus are various I/O controllers: the keyboard
9 controller, the mouse controller, the video controller, and the audio controller. The
10 keyboard controller provides the hardware interface for the keyboard, the mouse
11 controller provides the hardware interface for the mouse (or other point and click
12 device), the video controller is the hardware interface for the video display, and the
13 audio controller is the hardware interface for any multimedia speakers. An I/O
14 controller enables communication over a network to other similarly configured data
15 processing systems.

16 The computer program embodiment of the present invention may exist
17 as a set of instructions in a code module resident in the RAM. Until required
18 by the computer system, the set of instructions may be stored in another
19 computer memory, for example, in the hard disk drive, in an optical disk for
20 eventual use in the CD ROM or in a floppy disk for eventual use in the floppy
21 disk drive. As shown in FIG. 13, the operating system and word processing
22 software are resident in RAM. Since the various methods of such operating
23 system and word processing software are well known to the art, these methods
24 will not be discussed herein in any detail.

25 The foregoing descriptions of the invention have been presented for purposes
26 of illustration and description. Further, the description is not intended to limit the
27 invention to the form disclosed herein. Consequently, variations and modifications
28 commensurate with the above teachings, and combined with the skill or knowledge in
29 the relevant art are within the scope of the present invention.

30 The preferred embodiments described herein are further intended to explain
31 the best mode known of practicing the invention and to enable others skilled in the art

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